

# Why Isothermal Bonnor-Ebert Spheres **MUST** Collapse; A 3-D AMR study using AstroBEAR2.0

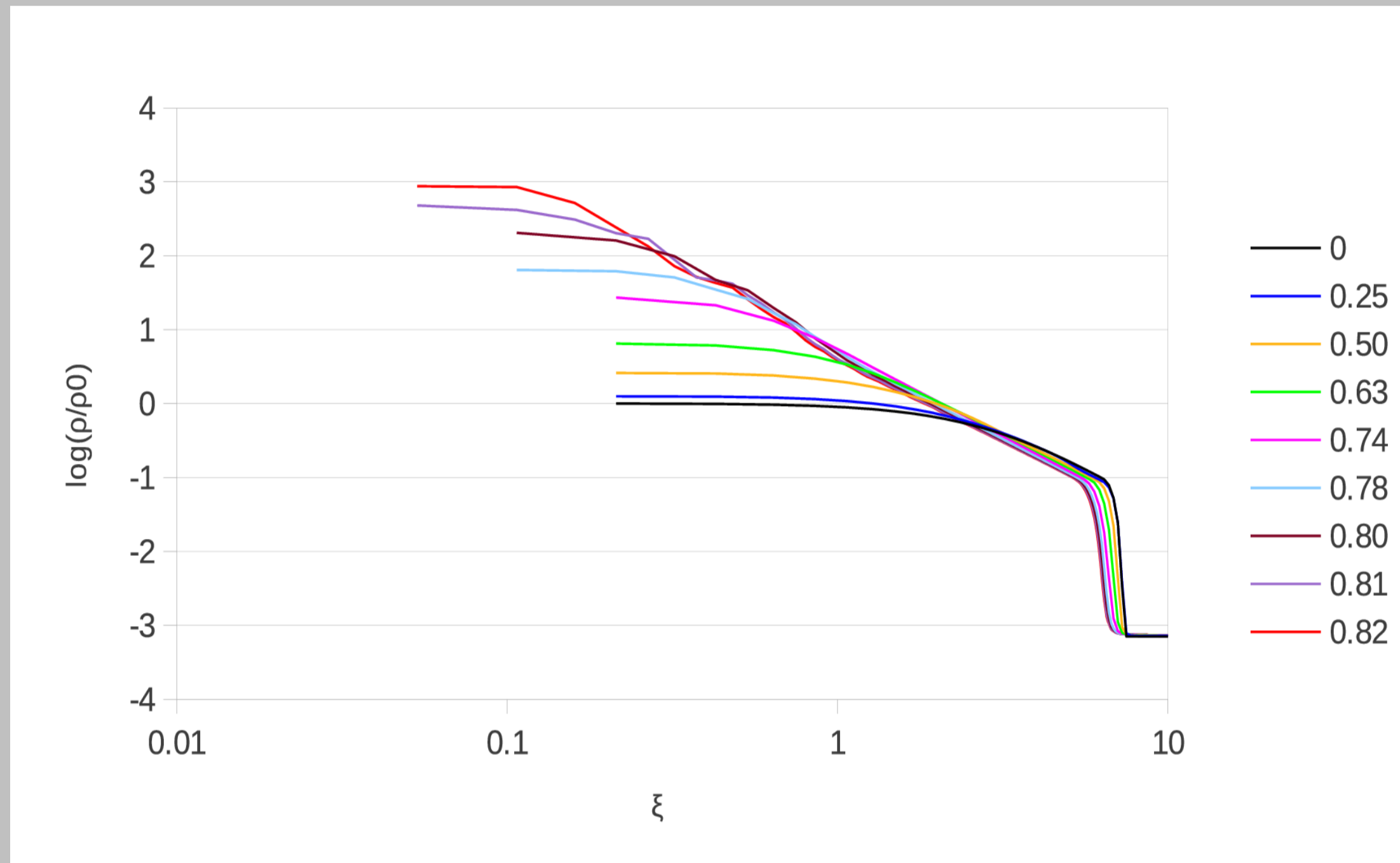


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## ABSTRACT

The ambient medium of a Bonnor-Ebert (BE) sphere is very important in determining stability of the sphere.

Traditional collapse studies of BE spheres force collapse with a perturbation.



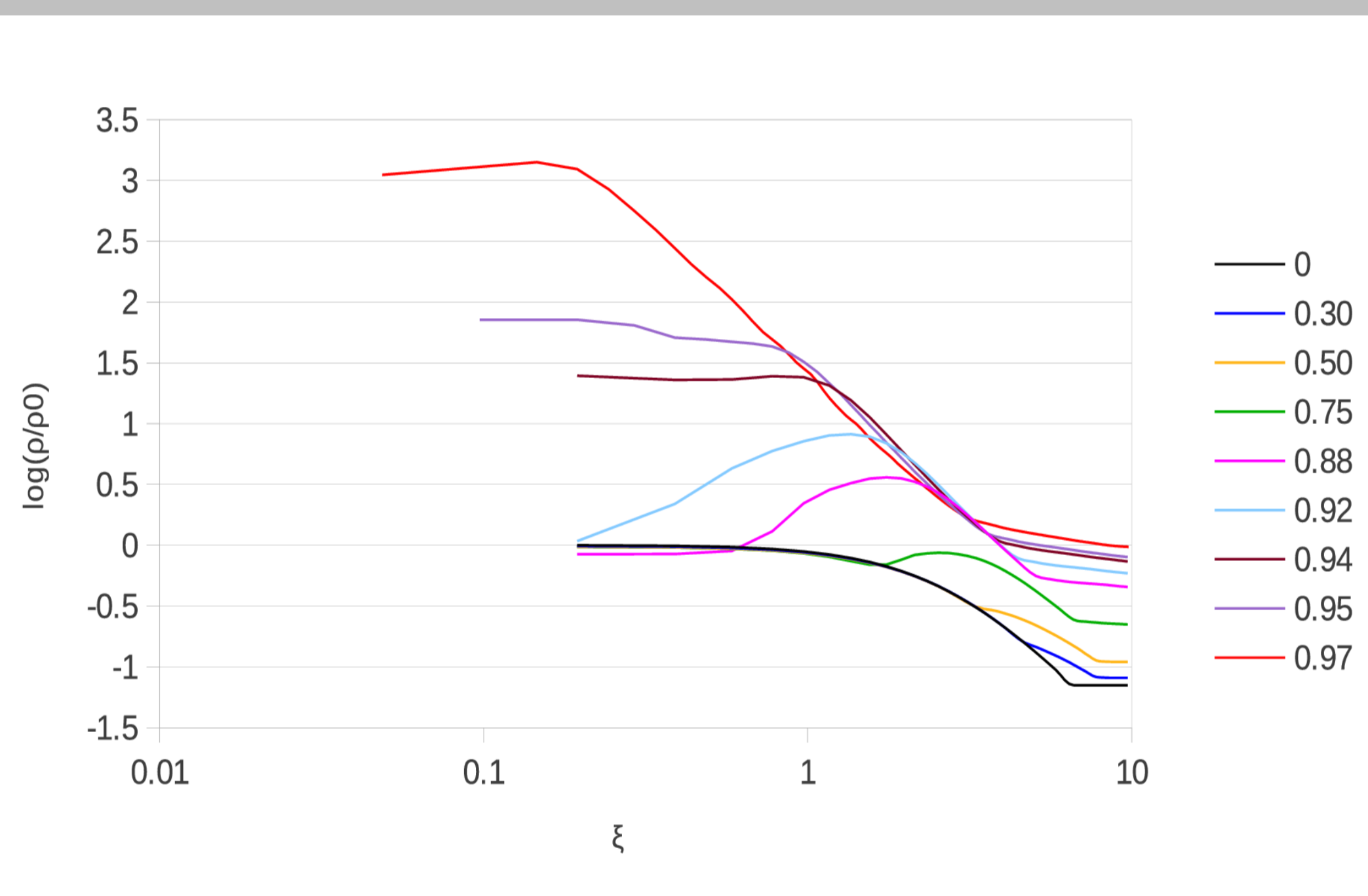
Density profile for the critical BE sphere embedded in an ambient medium of  $\rho=0.01\rho(R_{BE})$ , where  $R_{BE}$  is the initial Bonnor-Ebert radius, and perturbed into collapse with a 10% over-density. The x-axis is in units of non-dimensional radius,  $\xi=r(4\pi G\rho_0)^{1/2}/C_s$  ( $\rho_0$  is initial central density,  $C_s^2$  is the isothermal sound speed). Time is in units of the sphere's sound crossing time.

## RESULTS

We find the choice of ambient medium matters greatly whether the (critical) BE sphere collapses.

Without applying a perturbation, the ambient alone is sufficient in triggering collapse in all but the sparsest of cases

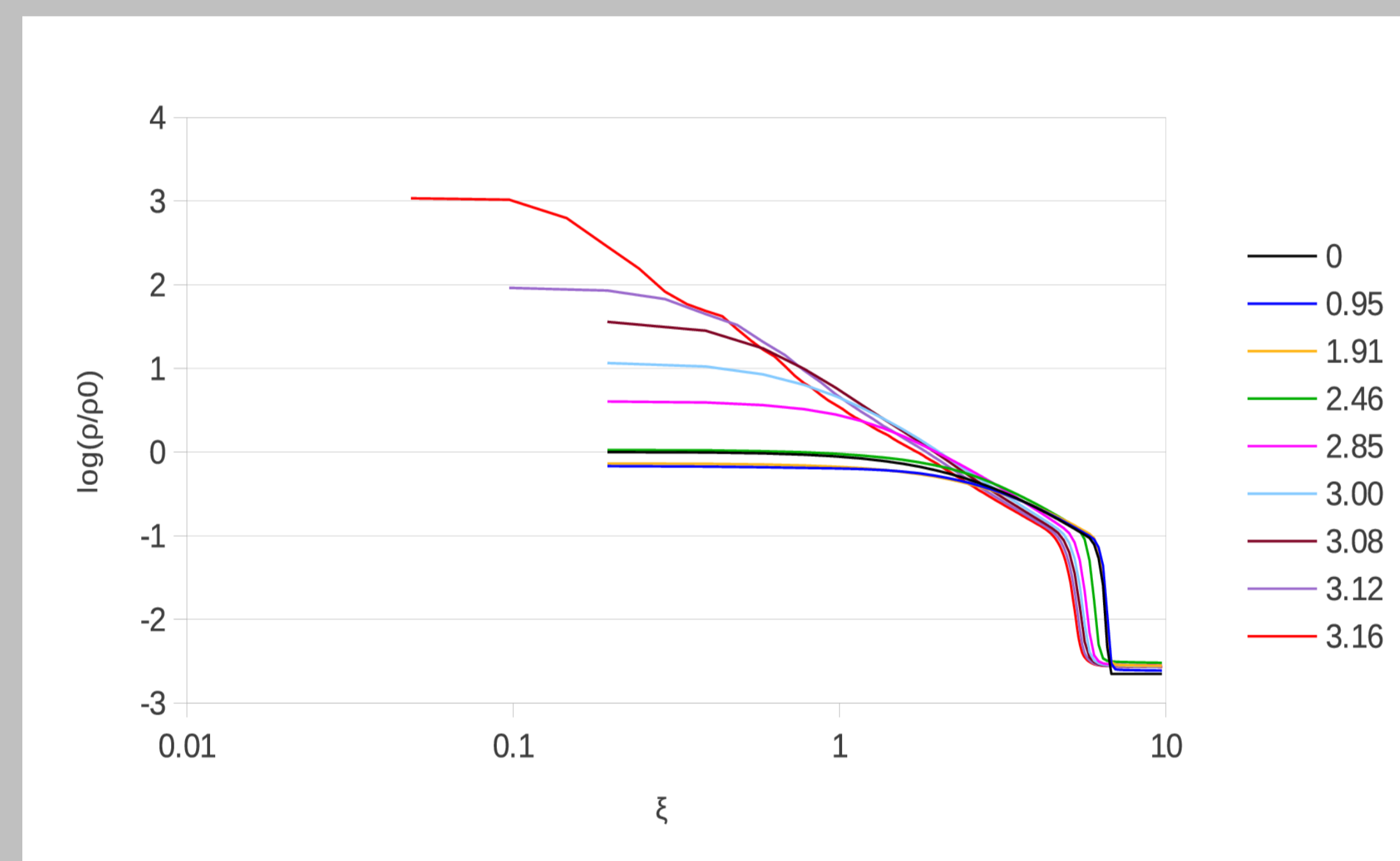
This collapse begins with a compression wave phase and terminates with a traditional outside-in phase.



But, embedding the sphere in a continuous environment causes a collapse of its own.

Bonnor-Ebert spheres are possible protostar candidates  
— e.g. B68 —

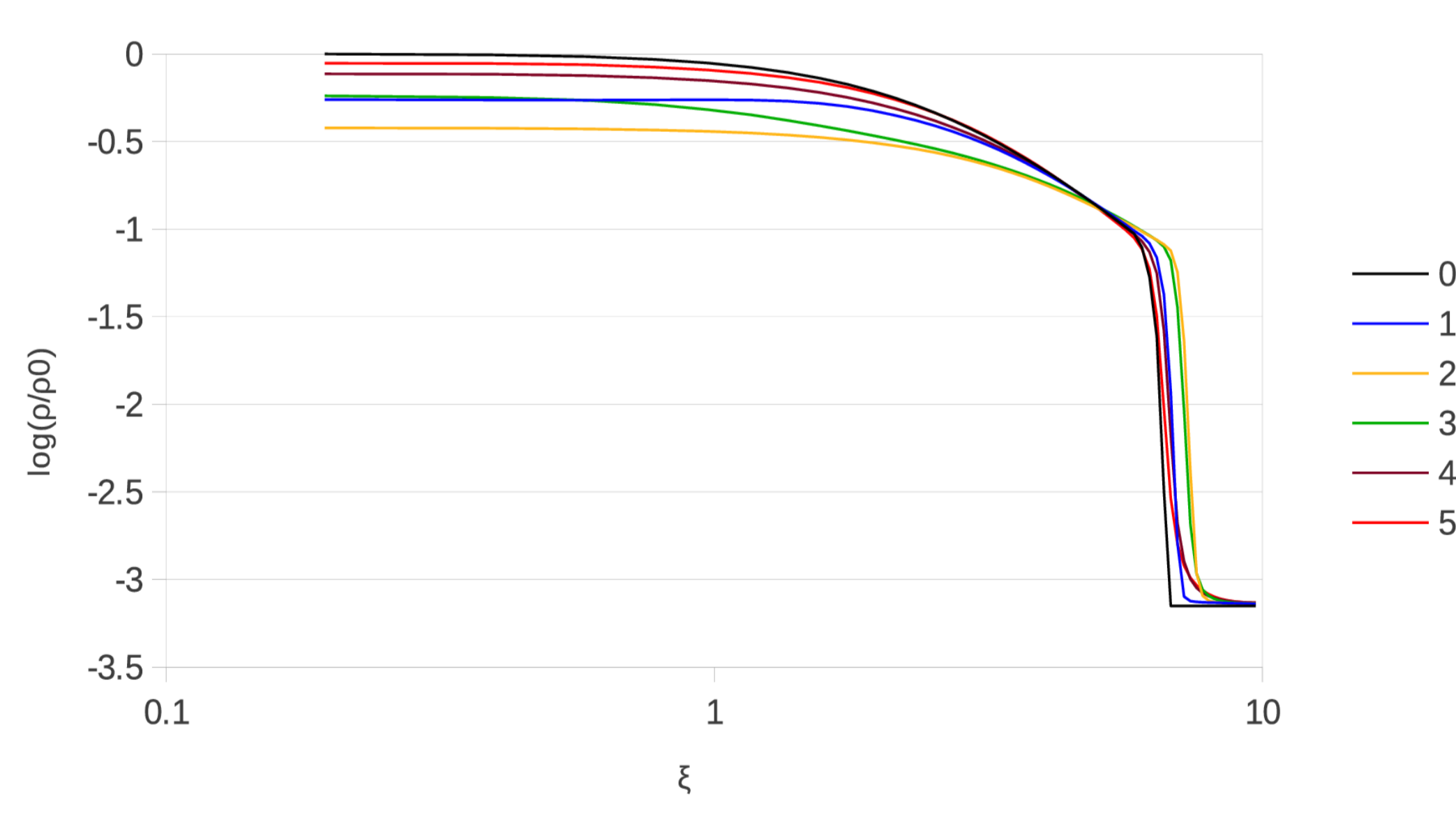
Placing sphere in a sparser ambient still leads to collapse, but of a different nature.



Density profile for the critical BE sphere embedded in an ambient medium of  $\rho=1/3\rho(R_{BE})$ . A mild redistribution of material renders the sphere unstable and it collapses in the Classic outside-in manner.

## CONCLUSIONS

1. Isothermal BE spheres are not long-lived structures.
2. BE spheres in two-temperature systems can be long-lived.
3. Perturbed BE spheres collapse similarly to non-perturbed spheres in light enough environments.



Density profile for the critical BE sphere embedded in an ambient medium of  $\rho=0.01\rho(R_{BE})$ . With no perturbation, the sphere oscillates stably around its equilibrium values.

When the ambient is made sparse enough, the sphere oscillates stably.

REFERENCES: B68 paper, Bonnor Ebert papers, B&P?

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